

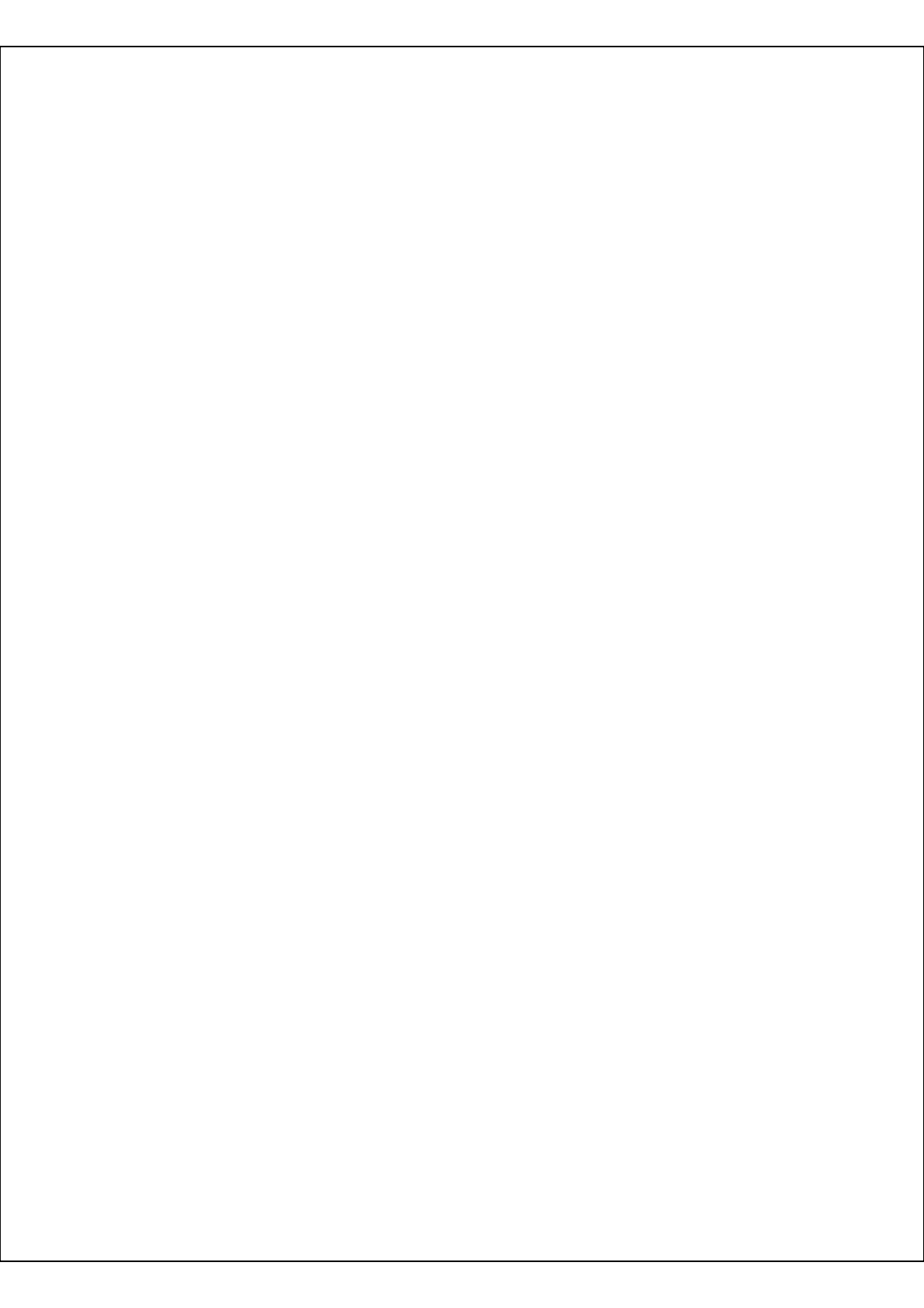
Figure 2 | Predetermined optical generation and switching of the toron structures. **a**, Polarizing optical microscopy texture showing T3-1 (the smallest), two T3-2s of opposite winding (intermediate size) and T3-3 (the largest structure) generated next to each other. The inset shows the letters 'CU' obtained by optical generation of four T3-2s per letter at the letters' vertices and T3-1 elsewhere within the characters. The orientations of the crossed polarizer (P) and analyser (A) are shown by the white bars. **b**

Table 1 | Material parameters of the used nematic hosts and chiral additives.

Material/property	K_{11} (pN)	K_{22} (pN)	K_{33} (pN)	$\Delta\epsilon_{IF}$	Δn	H_{HTP} of CB-15 (μm^{-1})	H_{HTP} of S-811 (μm^{-1})
MLC-6609	17.2	7.51	17.9	-3.7	0.078	-	-10.5
ZLI-3412	14.1	6.7	15.5	+3.4	0.078	+6.3	-8.8
MLC-6815	-	-	-	+8.1	0.052	+6.5	-10.7

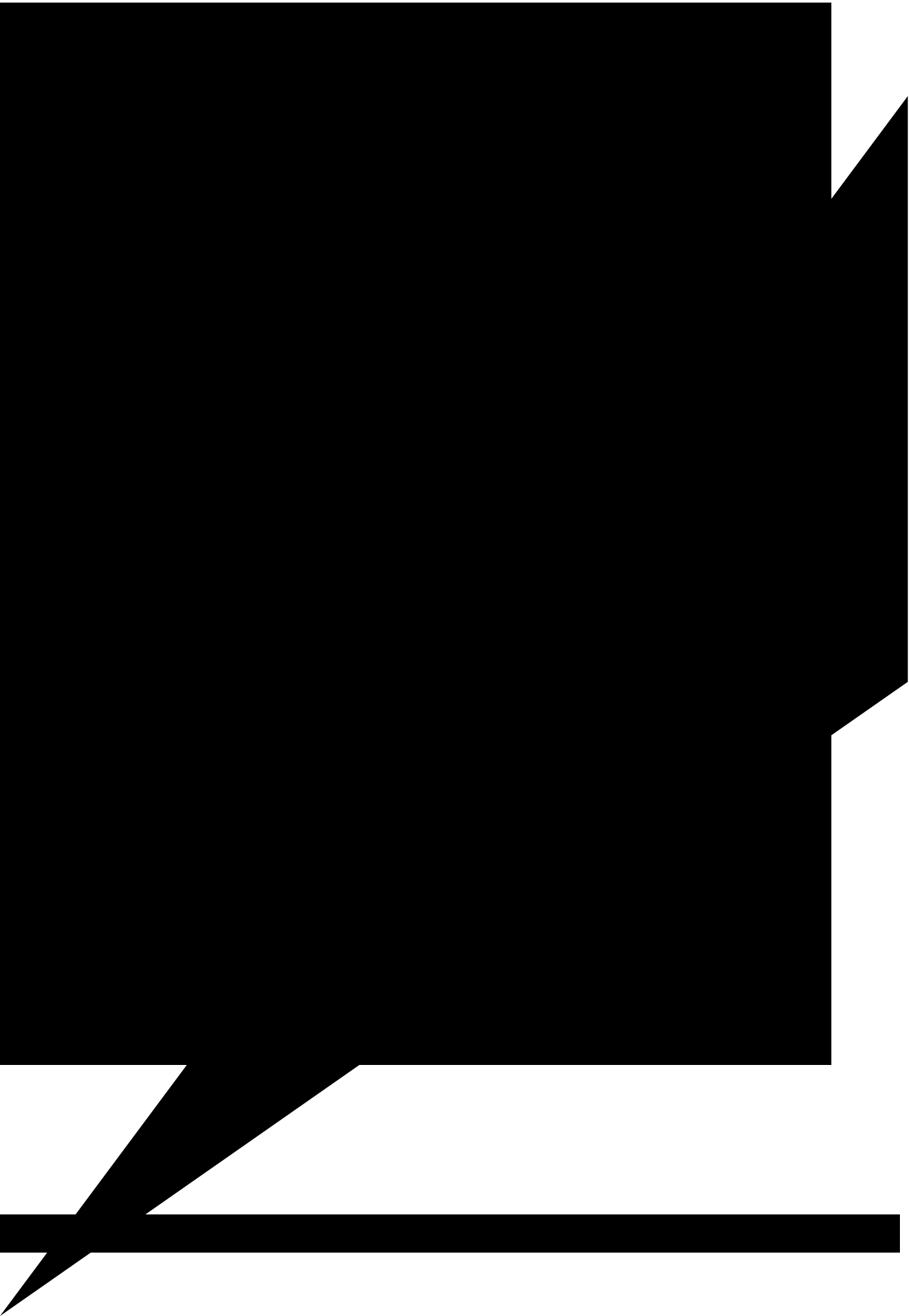
example, the letters 'CU' in the inset of Fig. 2a are composed of T3-2s at the corners and T3-1s elsewhere within the characters. Generation of different T3s depends on the initial laser-induced director tilt from the vertical alignment, which, in turn, depends on the intensity distributions shown in Fig. 1g-j. Beams having large $|l|$ with high-intensity lobes in the axial plane pointing outward from the low-intensity centre generate T3-2s or T3-3s, whereas the beams with small $|l|$ generate T3-1s. For example, in a cell with $p = d = 5 \mu\text{m}$, the T3-1 structure is induced by the Laguerre-Gaussian beams of $l = \pm(0 - 4)$, the T3-2 is observed for $l = \pm(4 - 8)$ and T3-3 is observed for $|l| > 8$. Therefore, T3s can be reversibly transformed between each other as shown in the top right corner of Fig. 2c-g. The threshold generating laser powers are comparable for all T3s and vary from 60 mW for $l =$



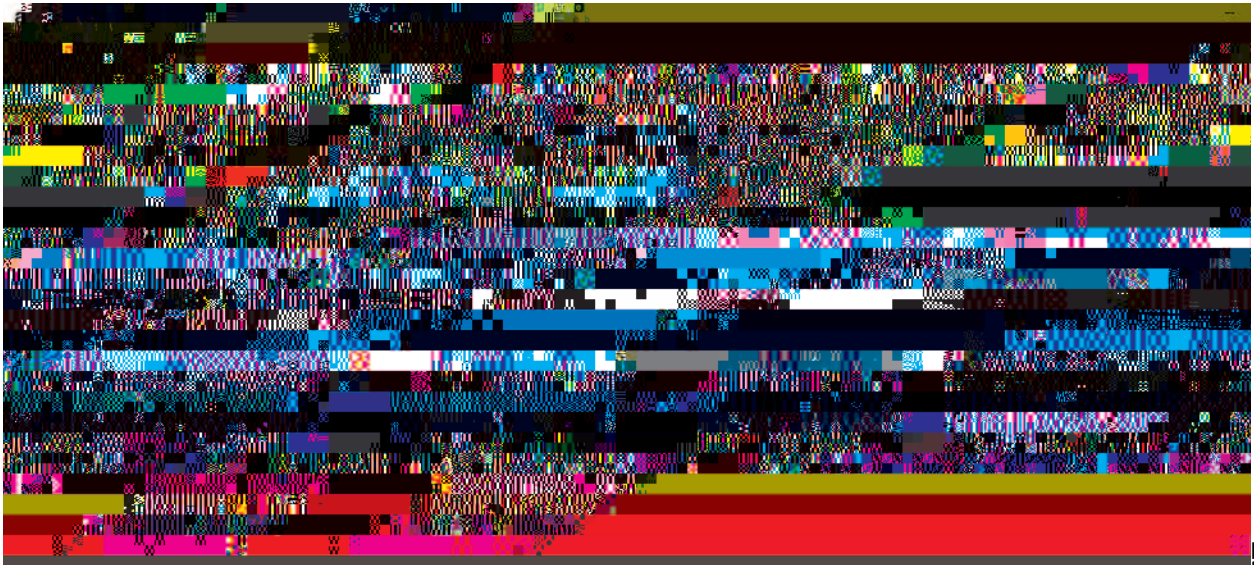


SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{\$-}\$+/\text{\$}^*+!1^*\text{\$-}7\&!0!:\text{\$}, 2\%\$))\text{\$}>A, \%&&^*, '\text{\$}!4\$, (\&!/5, /!5, ?\text{\$}/0)\%&>^*F\text{\$}!' /'\text{\$}' \&/3!7^*\&/\text{\$}^*4\%/\text{\$}^*0' \&!G\text{\$}^*2;!'2>0! \\
 & , '\text{\$}7! /5, /!\text{\$}^* 7\%+\text{\$}! /0)0^*7>\&5, =\text{\$}7! \text{\$}^* \text{\$}^* /, -! 7\text{\$}10) (\text{\$}, /'0' \&! 0! /5\text{\$}! 7^*)\text{\$}+ /0)! 1^*\text{\$-}7! 7\text{\$}=\text{\$}' 7^* 2! 0' ! /5\text{\$}! \\
 & +5,)2\text{\$}! /!, '\text{\$}7!), 7^*\%&!)!0! /5\text{\$}! ?0) /!\text{\$}! 4\$, (\text{\$}!' ! \text{\$}^* \&! -, /!\text{\$}), -! =-, '\text{\$};! 7' !, 2)\text{\$}\text{\$} (\text{\$}' /!\text{\$}^* /5! \text{\$}C=\text{\$})^* (\text{\$}' /!\text{\$}! \\
 & /5\text{\$}! \text{\$}^* \text{\$}^* /, -! -0+, /'0' ! 0! /5\text{\$}! 4\$, (\text{\$}! \text{\$}! 10+, -! =-, '\text{\$}!, +)0\&&! /5\text{\$}! \&, (\text{\$} =-\text{\$}]\&! /5^* +F' \text{\$}\&&! 70\text{\$}\&! ' 0! /5, ?\text{\$}!, ! \\
 & \&^*2' \text{\$}^*1^*, '\text{\$}! \text{\$}11\text{\$}+ /!\text{\$} 0' ! /5\text{\$}! \&=, /' \text{\$}, -! -0+, /'0' ! 0! /5\text{\$}! 2\text{\$}' \text{\$}), /!\text{\$}7! <0)0' ;! T-/50\%25! (\text{\$}0\&! 0! /5\text{\$}! \\
 & '\text{\$} (\text{\$})^* +, -!)\text{\$}\&\%-\&! /5, /!\text{\$}!\text{\$}=\text{\$}\&\text{\$}' /!\text{\$}^* ! /5^*\&! B0)F!5, ?\text{\$}! 4\text{\$}\text{\$}' !04/, \text{\$}^* \text{\$}7!10) \quad / p=1
 \end{aligned}$$



!



084=12,!N/,I ; J ?=:21M&J =6:27,Q21:896@91; <M-29:8; 3<, ; K,:L2,(NM ,<:1=9:=12/, ,6!<5\$!&/)%+/%)\$!
 +0' &*&/&!01!/5\$!), 7*, -!/B*&!01! $\hat{n}(\vec{r})$ ** !/5\$!+\$' /), -!=-, ' \$!01!/5\$!+\$--!, &!B\$-!, &!/B0!=0* ' !/7\$1\$+/&!
 +0&\$!/0!/5\$!&%4&/), /\$&j!/5\$!* &\$&!&50B!&* (%-, /\$7! ^(\nu)

